

# Farma - Srečko Trbižan

## 1. úvod

Farma sa nachádza v tradičnom vinárskom regióne na západe Slovinska nad údolím Vipava v blízkosti mesta Ajdovščina. Údolie je charakterizované stredomorským klimatickým vplyvom, ktorý pochádza zo susedného Talianska z oblasti Padova. Okrem vinohradníctva sa farmy v údolí a pozdĺž periferie mesta zaoberajú pestovaním ovocia a zeleniny a postupne tu získava priestor aj cestovný ruch. Krajina poskytuje charakteristický ráz vinogradov a typickej prímorskej architektúry založenej na použití kameňa. Okrem poľnohospodárstva sa farma podieľa aj na multifunkčných aktivitách, prípadne členovia rodiny nachádzajú zamestnanie mimo poľnohospodárstva v mestách v doline.

## 2. Profil promotéra

**Krstné meno**

Srečko

**Priezvisko**

Trbižan

**Dátum narodenia**

1959

**Pohlavie**

Muž

**Vzdelanie**

Secondary vocational education

### **3. Profil farmy**



**Address**

Planina 23, 5270 Ajdovščina

**Krajina**

Slovinsko

**Farm oblasť hektár**

8.00

**Dátum založenia farmy**

1949

**Dátum, od kedy promotér vlastní alebo prenájíma farm**

Pi, 20.06.1986 - 12:00

NUMBER OF WORKERS	FAMILY MEMBERS	EXTERNAL WORKERS
<b>Full time</b>	0	3
<b>Part time</b>	0	2

**Popis Farm**

The tradition of viticulture and wine-making on the farm dates back to the year 1949, when the parents of the current farmer bought the farm. Today, the third generation continues this story. They are focused on production of autochthonous vine varieties. The vineyards are planted at nine different locations which begin at the foot of the hills and reach up to 400 m above sea level. Four grape varieties and nine different varieties of wine are produced. As for the vineyard and vine growing, the son, the future successor who also has a higher education degree in this field, is responsible. In addition to working on the farm, the farm is also engaged in additional activities - working with agricultural machinery. They are also engaged in tourism connected with viticulture and vine-growing, and in doing so, cooperate with the local community and other vine-growers.

## **4. Multifunkčné a udržateľné poľnohospodárstvo a európske poľnohospodárske krajiny (EPK)**

### **Multifunctional & sustainable farming Key Words**

Tourism and recreation related to EAL

### **Voľný text**

The Trbižan farm is located in a typical clustered hamlet. The area is included in Natura 2000. In the past, the farm was mostly self-sufficient and was also involved in the cultivation of cereals, potatoes, tubers and livestock breeding. The wine was mostly shipped to a cooperative wine cellar and the farmers did not deal with the processing of wine for the market. There was not enough knowledge about viticulture, specifically, not about wine care and marketing. Income from selling grapes was usually not enough and farm family members had to seek jobs outside agriculture. Animal production and cereal production was abandoned. Fruits and vegetables were grown only for domestic consumption. Also, landscape has changed. The former vineyards and pastures have mostly overgrown, and new ones have been planted on former arable land, which are easier to process. Thus, the landscape is now much more forested than it was before one or two generations. Since Srečko took over the farm, wine market has changed a lot. Consumption of less quality table wines has decreased and demand for the quality brand wines has increased. Wine consumption has become also closely connected to tourism and cookery. Local cooperative wine yards did not adopt to new market conditions and the troubles with payments for grapes were more and more frequent. In that situation, many farmers, Srečko included, decided to go their own way. It was hard at the beginning. But Srečko is not an impatient person. He has learned a lot from his experiences and from his failures too. He was talking to experts and other farmers. And as the region is close to Italy, he was also following the development of their wine market. But most positive changes in wine quality production came when the young son with appropriate education took over the care for wine production. Now Srečko claims, that nothing can substitute appropriate school education programs.

He is optimistic about the future of the farm and the family. They share a common vision of the farm and they also agreed to the plan on how to realize it. Every member of the family has their own role and responsibility, which is also very important for success.

### **Rady/ Odporúčania**

- You need to be open and honest to yourself, to other people and to what you do.

Strengths	Weaknesses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vzdelaný nástupca.</li> <li>• Otvorená myseľ.</li> <li>• Rodina.</li> <li>• Multifunkčnosť.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Malá farma.</li> <li>• Investičný potenciál.</li> <li>• Nedostatok času. Nedostatok pôdy.</li> <li>• Nedostatok pôdy.</li> </ul>
Opportunities	Threats